Level C | Unit 5

Dear Family Member,

"Why is nature always changing?" That is the big question we are exploring in this unit. To answer it, we are reading, writing, and talking about cycles in nature, including weather and the seasons. Be a part of our exploration! With your student, read the New Words on the next page. Then follow these directions.

Directions:

- **1.** Talk together about things that change in nature. Share what you know about why these changes happen. Try to use some of the New Words in your discussion.
- 2. Work together to make some notes about your discussion. On the lines below, write words, phrases, and sentences that tell your ideas about why nature changes. Use the New Words when you can.
- **3.** Remind your student to bring the completed notes to class.

What We're Reading

"When the Wind Stops" by Charlotte Zolotow

In this story, a mother explains that things in nature don't end. They only change or move on to another place.

"Day and Night" by Glen Phelan

This article and experiment explain what causes the pattern of day and night.

"What Makes the Seasons?" By Megan Montague Cash

This poem's speaker describes the four seasons and explains why Earth has them.

"A Winter Wonder" by Tyrone Hayes, Ph.D.

In this article, Explorer Tyrone Hayes explains how the American wood frog adapts to changes in the seasons.

And more!



New Words

Weeks 1 and 2

appear	moon	repeat
begins	motion	shadows
day	night	stars
Earth	observe	
ends	pattern	

Weeks 3 and 4

happen	spring
measure	summer
reason	weather
seasons	winter
	measure reason

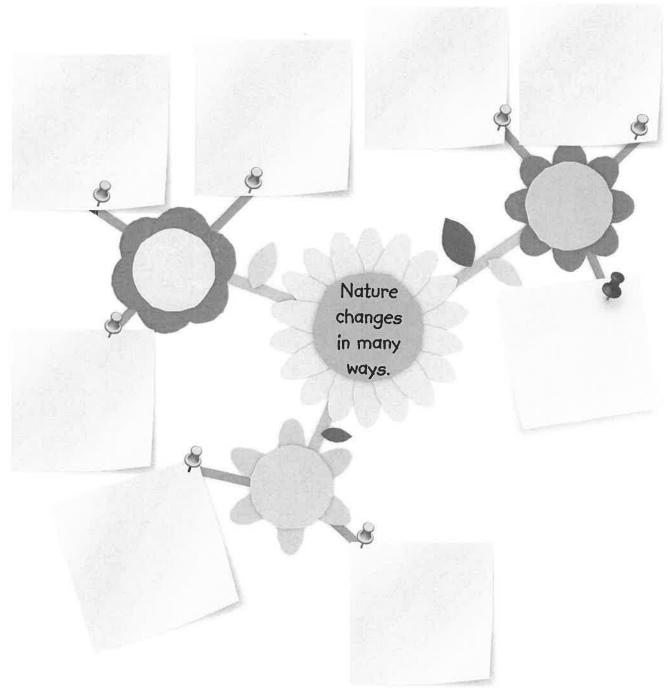
Learn and play with words. 2 NGReach.com

Name	Date

Unit Concept Map

Everything Changes

Make a concept map with the answers to the Big Question: Why is nature always changing?

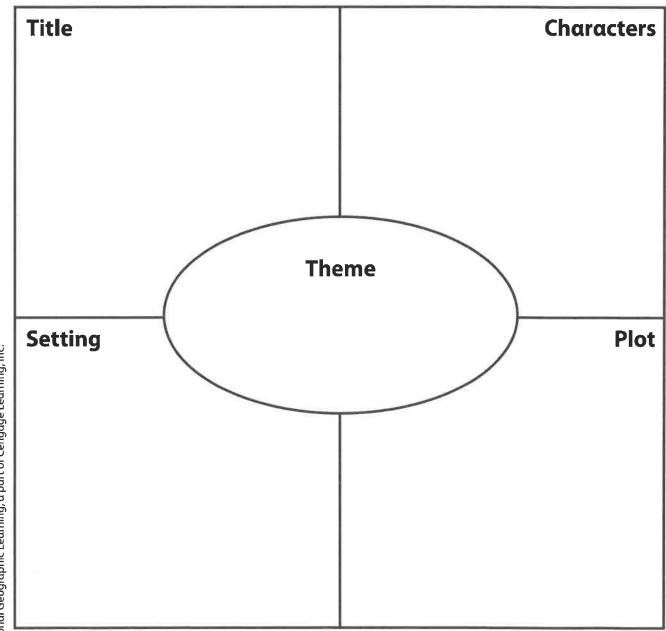


Name Date

Thinking Map: Theme Chart

My Favorite Story

Make a theme chart to tell the details about a favorite story.



© National Geographic Learning, a part of Cengage Learning, Inc.

Work with a partner to find the theme of your story.

Name	Date	

Grammar: Kinds of Sentences

A Glorious Trip!

Grammar Rules Kinds of Sentences

Use a <u>period</u> at the end of a statement.	Sunrise is at 6:00 a.m. this morning.
Use an exclamation mark at the end of an exclamation.	It's the most beautiful sunrise I've ever seen!
• Use a <u>period</u> or an <u>exclamation</u> <u>mark</u> at the end of a command.	Bring me my camera. Come quickly before it's gone!

Rewrite each sentence. Add a period or an exclamation mark.

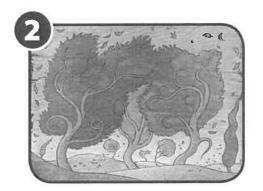
- 1. We camped at the beach last night
- 2. It was so exciting
- 3. The sunrise and sunset were amazing
- **4.** Come with us next time
- 5. Enjoy your meal
 - Read your sentences to a partner. Use expression as you read exclamations and commands.

Key Points Reading

When the Wind Stops



A boy wonders why the day ends. His mother tells him that it is so a new night can begin. A new day begins in another place. She tells the boy nothing ever ends.



The boy wonders where the wind goes. His mother tells him it blows away to make the trees dance somewhere else. She tells him after a storm the rain goes back to the clouds.



The mother tells the boy that the end of autumn is the beginning of winter. The end of winter is the beginning of spring.



The boy learns that nature goes on and on. Nothing ever ends.

5.4